

## INTRODUCTION

VNRX-5133 is a novel cyclic boronate-based broad-spectrum  $\beta$ -lactamase inhibitor with potent and selective direct inhibitory activity against both serine- and metallo- $\beta$ -lactamases (Ambler Classes A, B, C and D). VNRX-5133 greatly enhances the activity of cefepime against difficult to treat organisms, including cephalosporin and carbapenem resistant *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* and *Enterobacteriaceae* producing serine  $\beta$ -lactamases from all classes, and NDM- and VIM- type metallo- $\beta$ -lactamases. In this analysis, we evaluated the activity of cefepime in combination with VNRX-5133 and comparators against 369 molecularly characterized  $\beta$ -lactamase-producing *Enterobacteriaceae* clinical isolates.

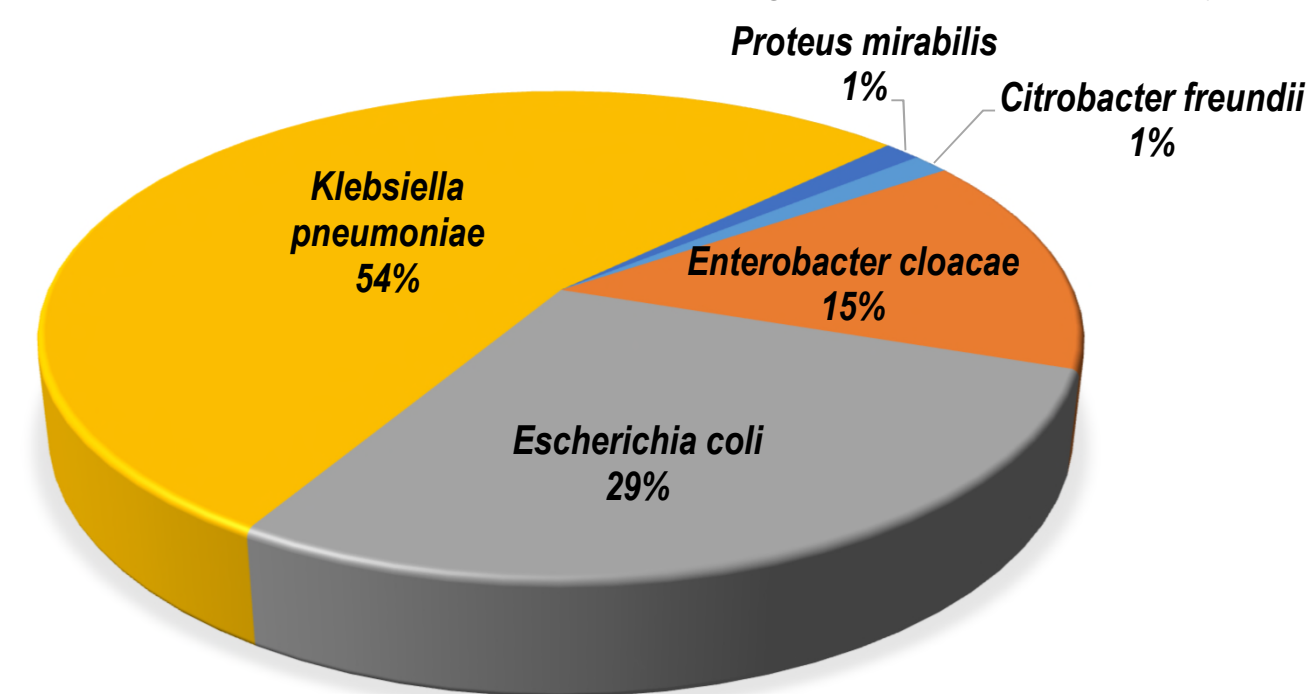
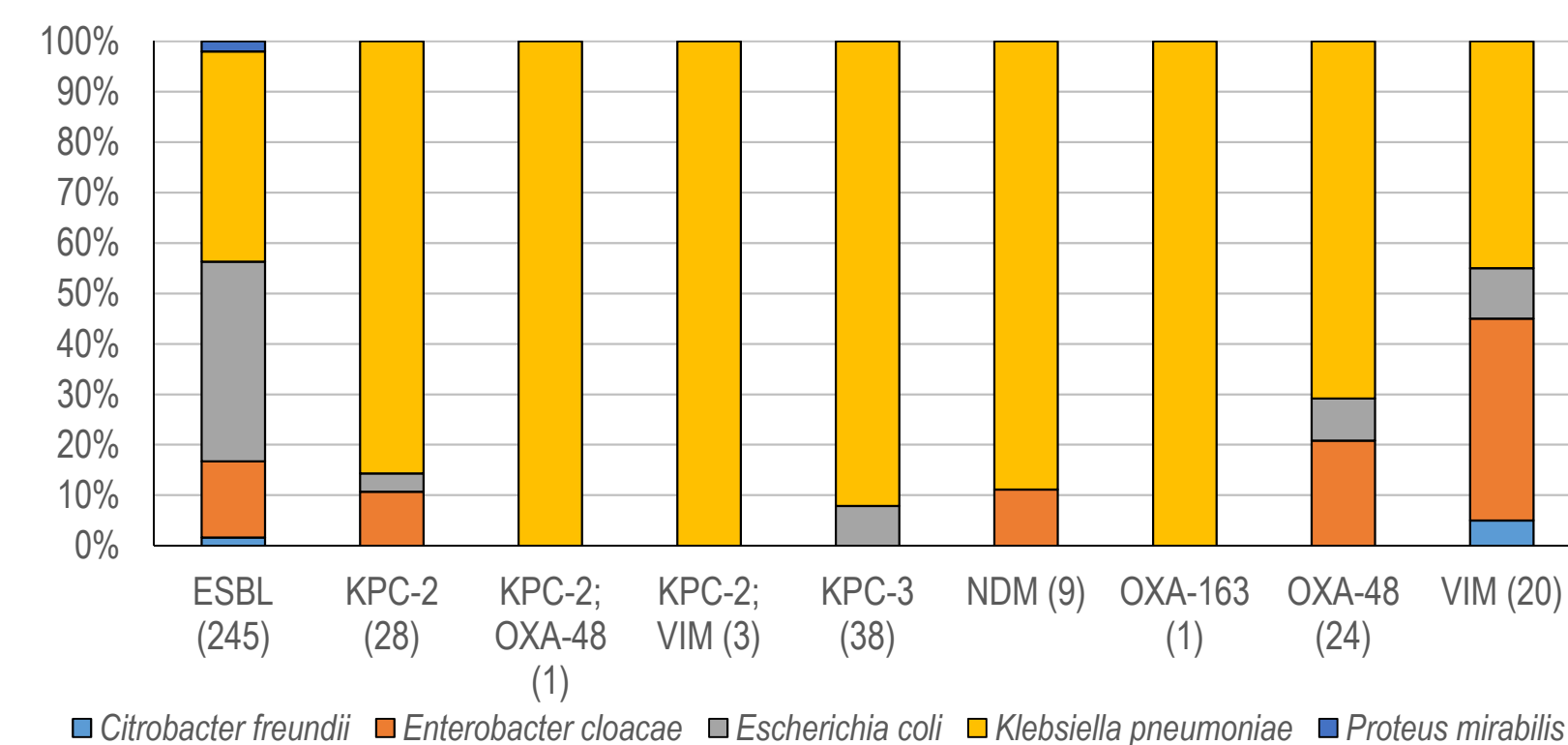
## MATERIALS & METHODS

MICs of cefepime with VNRX-5133 fixed at 4 mg/L (cefepime/VNRX-5133) were determined following CLSI M07-A10 guidelines [1] against 369  $\beta$ -lactamase-producing *Enterobacteriaceae* from community and hospital infections collected globally in 2012-2013. The distribution of species included is shown in Figure 1. The presence of metallo- $\beta$ -lactamase (MBL), serine- $\beta$ -lactamase (KPC), extended-spectrum- $\beta$ -lactamase (ESBL) and oxacillinase (OXA) genes was assessed via multiplex PCR, followed by amplification of full-length genes and sequencing. The distribution of enzymes by species is shown in Figure 2. As cefepime/VNRX-5133 breakpoints have not yet been established, the CLSI cefepime 2 g q8h susceptible dose dependent (SDD) breakpoint of  $\leq 8$  mg/L was considered for comparative purposes [2].

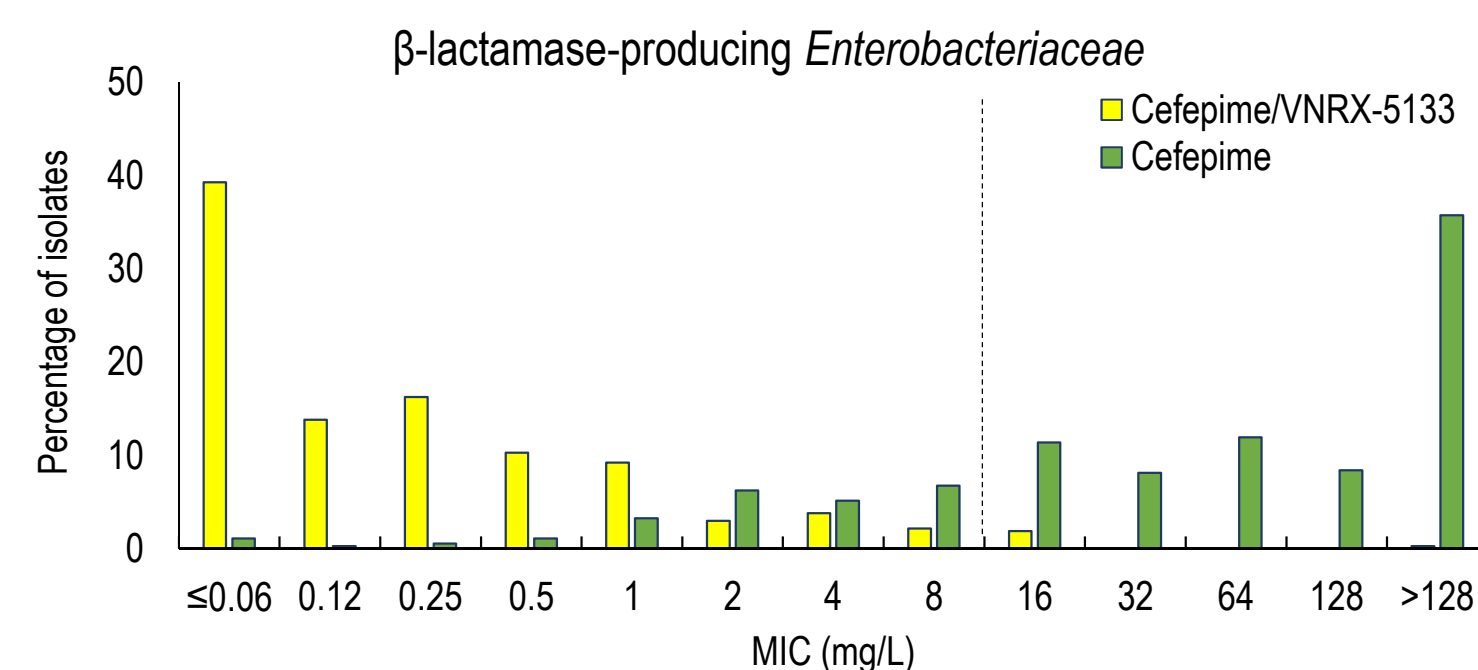
 Table 1. *In vitro* activity of cefepime/VNRX-5133 against  $\beta$ -lactamase producing *Enterobacteriaceae*

Enzyme Group	Drug	% Susceptible*	MIC (mg/L)			
			MIC <sub>50</sub>	MIC <sub>90</sub>	Range	Mode
All $\beta$ -lactamase producers (369)	Cefepime/VNRX-5133	97.8	0.12	2	$\leq 0.06$ - $>128$	$\leq 0.06$
	Cefepime	24.4	64	$>128$	$\leq 0.06$ - $>128$	$>128$
NDM (9)	Cefepime/VNRX-5133	88.9	na	na	0.5 - 16	4
	Cefepime	0	na	na	64 - $>128$	$>128$
VIM (20)	Cefepime/VNRX-5133	80.0	1	16	$\leq 0.06$ - $>128$	0.5
	Cefepime	5.0	$>128$	$>128$	4 - $>128$	$>128$
KPC (70)	Cefepime/VNRX-5133	98.6	0.25	1	$\leq 0.06$ - 16	$\leq 0.06$
	Cefepime	10.0	$>128$	$>128$	1 - $>128$	$>128$
ESBL (245)	Cefepime/VNRX-5133	99.2	0.12	1	$\leq 0.06$ - 16	$\leq 0.06$
	Cefepime	30.6	32	$>128$	$\leq 0.06$ - $>128$	$>128$
OXA (25)	Cefepime/VNRX-5133	100	0.25	4	$\leq 0.06$ - 8	$\leq 0.06$
	Cefepime	28.0	128	$>128$	0.5 - $>128$	$>128$

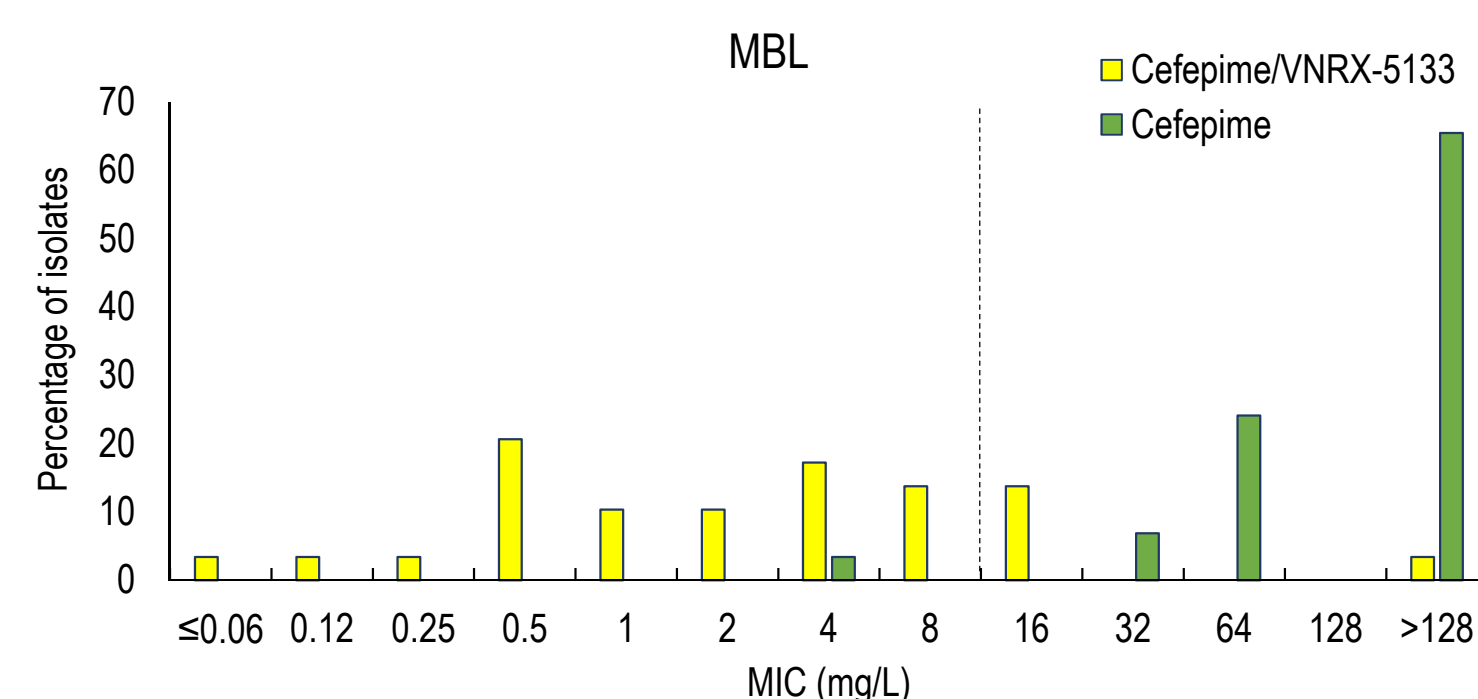
\*% susceptible based on the cefepime 2 g q8h susceptible dose dependent (SDD) breakpoint of  $\leq 8$  mg/L; na, MIC<sub>50/90</sub> not calculated for n<10

 Figure 1. Distribution of 369  $\beta$ -lactamase producing *Enterobacteriaceae* by species

 Figure 2. Distribution of  $\beta$ -Lactamases by species


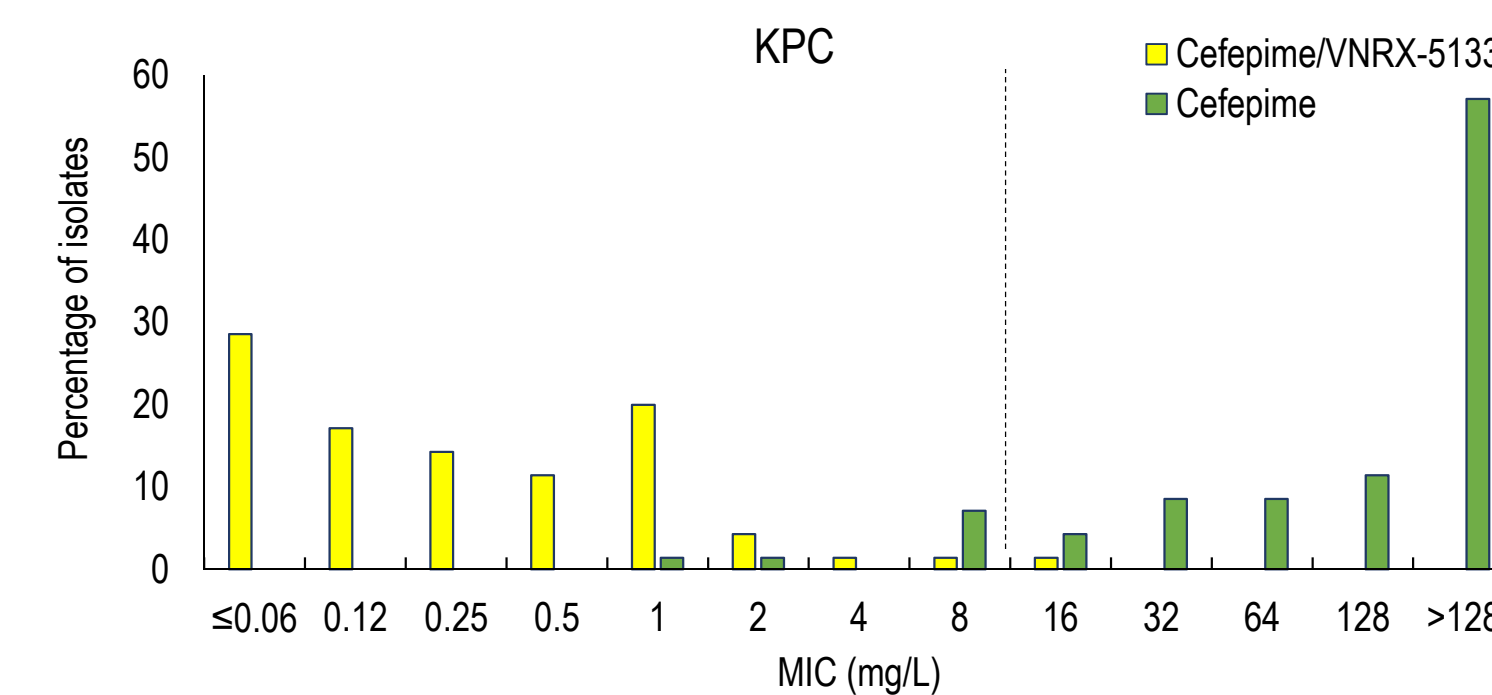
## RESULTS

 Figure 3. MIC distribution of cefepime and cefepime/VNRX-5133 against 369  $\beta$ -lactamase-producing *Enterobacteriaceae*


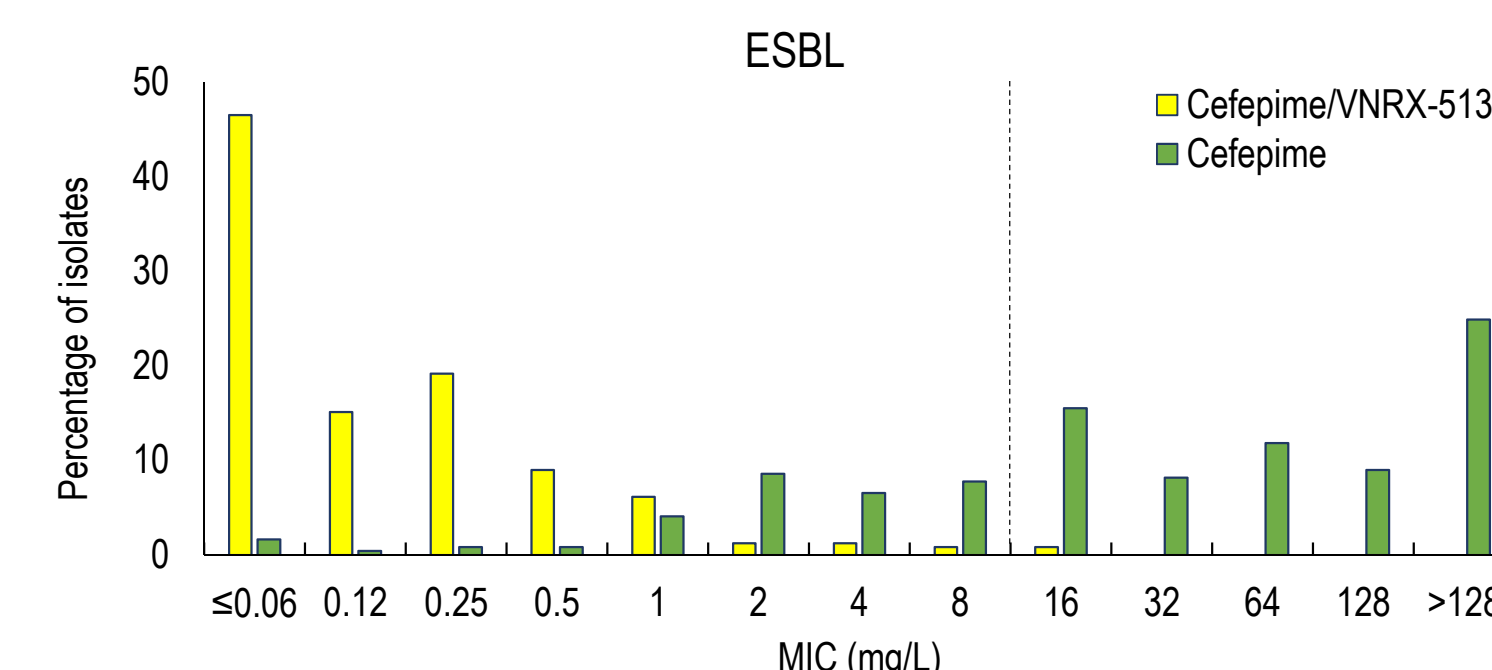
Dashed line indicates cefepime susceptible dose dependent (SDD) breakpoint

 Figure 4. MIC distribution of cefepime and cefepime/VNRX-5133 against 29 MBL-producing *Enterobacteriaceae*


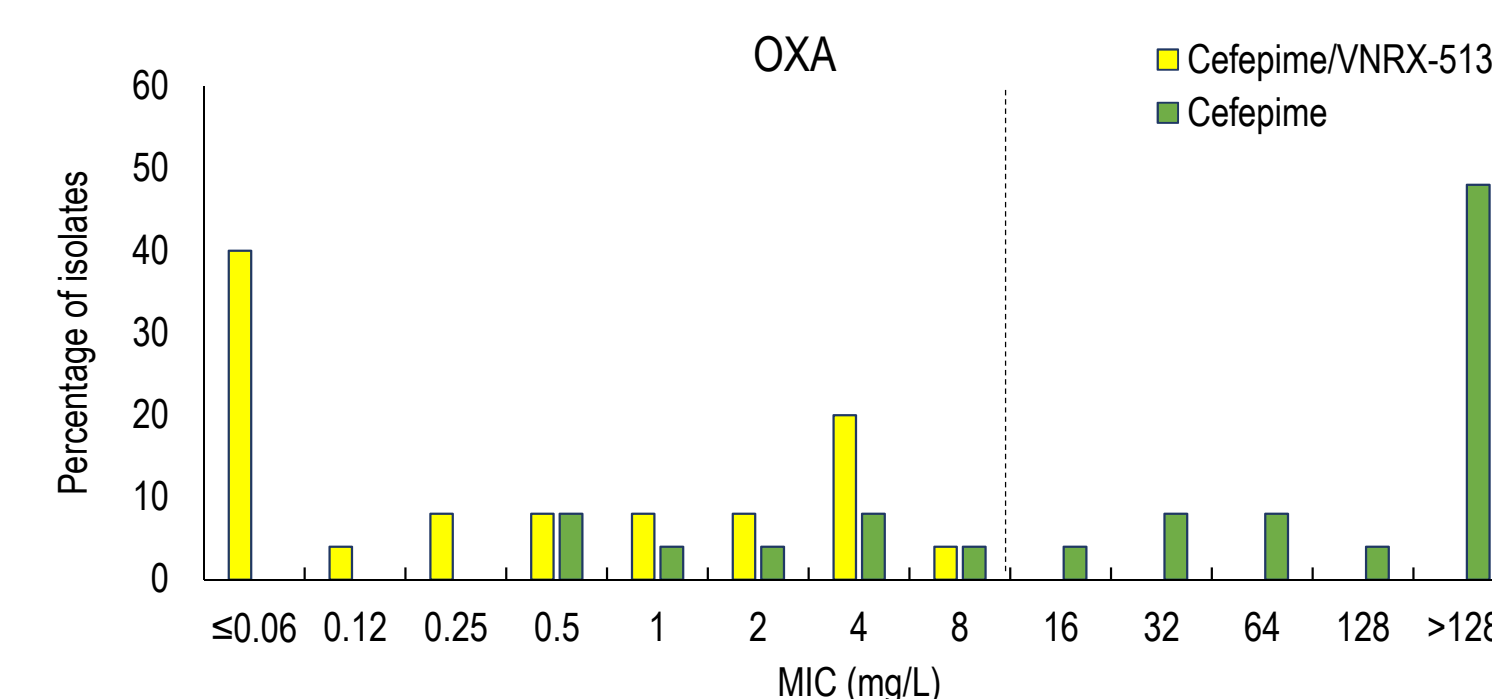
MBL consist of (n): NDM (9); VIM (20)  
 Dashed line indicates cefepime susceptible dose dependent (SDD) breakpoint

 Figure 5. MIC distribution of cefepime and cefepime/VNRX-5133 against 70 KPC-producing *Enterobacteriaceae*


KPC consist of (n): KPC-2 (28); KPC-2+OXA-48 (1); KPC-2+VIM (3); KPC-3 (38)  
 Dashed line indicates cefepime susceptible dose dependent (SDD) breakpoint

 Figure 6. MIC distribution of cefepime and cefepime/VNRX-5133 against 245 ESBL-producing *Enterobacteriaceae*


Dashed line indicates cefepime susceptible dose dependent (SDD) breakpoint

 Figure 7. MIC distribution of cefepime and cefepime/VNRX-5133 against 25 OXA-producing *Enterobacteriaceae*


OXA consist of (n): OXA-48 (24); OXA-163 (1)  
 Dashed line indicates cefepime susceptible dose dependent (SDD) breakpoint

## RESULTS SUMMARY

- The combination of cefepime and VNRX-5133 demonstrated potent *in vitro* activity against this collection of  $\beta$ -lactamase-producing *Enterobacteriaceae* with an MIC<sub>90</sub> value of 2 mg/L compared to  $>128$  mg/L for cefepime alone (Table 1, Figure 3).
- VNRX-5133 substantially potentiated cefepime *in vitro* activity against all subsets of  $\beta$ -lactamase-producing isolates, with cefepime/VNRX-5133 MIC<sub>90</sub> values ranging from 1 mg/L to 16 mg/L (Table 1; Figure 4 through Figure 7)
- Cefepime/VNRX-5133 inhibited 97.8% of isolates overall at the cefepime SDD breakpoint of  $\leq 8$  mg/L, including NDM-producers (88.9%), VIM-producers (80.0%), KPC-producers (98.6%), ESBL-producers (99.2%) and OXA-producers (100%) (Table 1).

## CONCLUSIONS

- Cefepime in combination with VNRX-5133 demonstrated potent *in vitro* activity against  $\beta$ -lactamase-producing *Enterobacteriaceae*, including serine- and metallo- $\beta$ -lactamase-producing isolates.
- Because this drug combination exhibited substantial potential for the treatment of infections caused by isolates often resistant to first line therapy, further development is warranted.

## REFERENCES

- Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute. 2015. *Methods for Dilution Antimicrobial Susceptibility Tests for Bacteria That Grow Aerobically; Approved Standards -- Tenth Edition*. CLSI document M07-A10 Wayne, PA.
- Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute. 2019. *Performance Standards for Antimicrobial Susceptibility Testing; Twenty-Ninth Informational Supplement*. CLSI Document M100S 2019. Wayne, PA.

## ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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